CLEAN OUT YOUR FILES

The last issue of the <u>Support Bulletin</u> had an article on the Public Laws which specify the types of Government records that must be kept. Today we want to emphasize the other side of the coin. Some administrative paperwork, and other office material can be destroyed without violating the law. The destruction or release of the items listed below can improve the efficiency and economy of your operations, as well as, release costly file space. Naturally, any action will be governed by your office needs and Records Control Schedule. You may destroy:

- 1. Old Pamphlets and Bulletins.
- 2. Obsolete telephone directories from government Agencies.
- 3. City telephone books and yellow pages prior to current one.
- 4. Agency and employee circulars and newsletters of transitory value.
- Circulars, announcements, and advertisements of events long past.
- 6. Lists and tables subsequently superseded.

- 7. Obsolete or rescinded administrative and regulatory issuances.
- 8. Obsolete catalogues.
- 9. Unused publications from government agencies andmanufacturers.
- 10. U.S. Government Organization Manuals prior to present issue.
- 11. GSA stores catalogues prior to current issue.
- 12. U.S. General Accounting Office non-current salary tables.
- 13. Congressional Records (except tear sheets) prior to current session.
- 14. Congressional Records Summaries.
- 15. Congressional Directories prior to latest issue.
- 16. Federal Registers (except tear sheets).
- 17. Unneeded copies of legislative hearings.
- 18. Information copies of cables, telegrams, dispatches, and memorandums not part of official files.
- 19. Drafts and working notes for completed reports and staff papers.
- 20. Extra copy Chrono or reading files more than 2 years old.
- 21. Newspapers, magazines, and clippings no longer used or needed.

Approved For Release 2001/07/28 : CIA-RDP74-00390R000300080002-5

- 22. Press notices and releases.
- 23. Extra or stock copies of documents and publications no longer needed for distribution.
- 24. Stenographic notebooks from which notes have been transcribed.
- 25. Used hectographs, stencils, and multilith mats more than one year old.
- 26. Publicity and literature used for past charity drives and so forth.
- 27. Obsolete railroad, plane, and ship timetables.
- 28. Old price lists and catalogues.
- 29. World Almenecs prior to current issue.
- 30. Obsolete blank forms. (See current Forms Supply Catalog.)

OTHER FILE REDUCTION HINTS

Look for these items that can be returned for re-use:

- 1. Books and other reference material BEARING A and LIBRARY NUMBER /not being used currently.
- 2. Unneeded reference materials gathered for projects now completed.
- 3. Excess office supplies and forms.
- 4. Broken or excess office furniture and record equipment.
- 5. Several duplicate sets of Regulations in one office.
- 6. Remove unclassified material from safes and vault areas.

Non-records material such as the foregoing may be disposed of immediately without concern. But, all your office records require serious attention. Approach your files problems professionally. Be a manager. Don't charge at the mountain of paper emotionally, scattering and destroying according to today's whims. Besides breaking laws, you could do more harm than good and increase your future problems. Instead, be official and systematic; follow these common sense procedures.

- (1) Appoint a Records Manager for your area. Each
 Directorate has a Senior Records Officer. Every
 Component needs one too. He will be responsible
 to control records creation and schedule their
 disposition in your office.
- (2) Have him inventory your record holdings and plan the periods for their active life cycle, their inactive storage, and eventual disposition.
- (3) Have the component Chief review his Records
 Schedule to ensure your office requirements.

 It is not difficult to determine how long you
 use certain types of records in the office, how
 much longer your operations might need to recall
 them from inactive storage, and approximately
 when you will no longer need them. Your Senior
 Records Officer will help. The Agency Records
 Officer will review that Schedule for Legal or
 Archival requirements and approve it for implementation.
- (4) Then for years to come, without bothering you your clerical force can follow the Schedule to carry out your policies and regularly destroy obsolete material and systematically transfer inactive files.

Your Records Officer not only will see that your wishes are carried out in records disposition, he can provide similar benefits in controlling the creation, storage, and retrieval phases in the life cycle of your office records. Call your Directorate or Agency Records Management Officer about establishing or updating a total Records Program and Records Control Schedule in your area.

25X1A

25X1A

SENDER WILL CHECK CLASSIFICATION TOP AND BOTTOM							
	UNCLASSIFIED	CONFI	IDENTIAL	X	SECRET		
OFFICIAL ROUTING SLIP							
то	NAME AND	ADDRESS	DA	TE	INITIALS		
1							
2							
3							
4	9/8/70 Repu	frmitted &	of.				
5	a.				1		
6							
	ACTION	DIRECT REPL	У Р	REPARE	REPLY		
	APPROVAL	DISPATCH	R	RECOMMENDATION			
	COMMENT	FILE	R	ETURN			
	CONCURRENCE	INFORMATION	1	SIGNATURE			

Remarks:

When Mr. Coffey read the attached Support Bulletin on preserving important records (which the SB editor published without calling me) Mr. Coffey asked for another emphasizing disposal.

Attached is a draft I plan to send to the Records Board before sending to the SB editor. Do you have any suggestions concerning this item of business?

 FOLD HERE TO RETURN TO SENDER							
FROM: NAME, AD	DRESS AND PHONE NO.		DATE				
			29 Apr 70				
UNCLASSIFIED	CONFIDENTIAL	X	SECRET				

25X1A

Approved Release 2001/07/28:16:61A-RDP74-00390R000300080002-540